

The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

M. MUMEYA
JAPANESE PHOTOGRAPHER
All kinds of Photographic
Work done in latest styles.
Developing and Printing for
AMATEURS & SPECIALISTS.
12a, QUEEN'S ROAD
CENTRAL

No. 14,968.

號七月四年一十一百九千一英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 1911.

日九初月三年三統宣

PRICE: \$3.00 Per Month.

THORNE'S OLD VAT No. 4. SCOTCH WHISKY

AS SUPPLIED TO THE HOUSE
OF LORDS AND HOUSE OF
COMMONS.

Sole Agents:

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.
FINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

CHINA MUTUAL LIFE IN-
SURANCE CO., LD.

HEAD OFFICE, SHANGHAI.

OFFICERS:

J. A. Wattie, Esq., Managing Director.
A. J. Hughes, Esq., Secretary.
S. B. Neil, Esq., F.I.A., Actuary.

A strong British Corporation Registered
under Hongkong Ordinances and under
Life Assurance Companies' Acts, England.
Insurances in Force \$7,855,885.00.
Assets \$415,250.00.
Income for Year \$366,559.00.
Insurance Fund \$210,812.00.

LEFFERTS KNOX, Esq., Hongkong,
District Manager.
D. W. Taylor, Esq., Canton,
District Secretary.

Alexandra Building.

C. Lawder, Esq., Inspector, Hongkong.

ADVISORY BOARD, HONGKONG.

Sir Paul Chater, Kt., C.M.G.
T. F. Hough, Esq., C. J. Lafrantz, Esq.
Hongkong, November 16 1909. 1424.

WORLD'S POPULATION.

Growth of the Great Rival
Countries.

A Blue-book has been issued giving vital
statistics for the principal foreign countries
for the ten years ended 1909. The figures
relating to population are particularly inter-
esting. They show the following total popu-
lations of the countries named, in 1909:—
Germany 63,879,000
France 39,276,000
Italy 34,270,000
Spain 19,948,000
Belgium 7,452,000
Netherlands 5,011,000
Portugal 5,346,000
Switzerland 3,584,000
Sweden 5,476,000
Denmark 2,692,000
Norway 2,370,000
Austria-Hungary (1908) 49,183,000
Russia (1908) 157,079,000
United Kingdom (June
30, 1909) 45,906,000

For some of the countries outside Europe
the following figures are given:—

United States 88,560,000
Japan 49,905,000
Argentina 6,884,000

The populations of the world's great
cities show some interesting comparisons
with London, the figure for which at the
last census (1901) was over 6,500,000:—
New York (1900) 3,437,000
Paris (1903) 2,783,000
Tokio (1903) 2,186,000
Berlin (1903) 2,040,000
Chicago (1900) 1,690,000
Vienna (1900) 1,675,000
Philadelphia (1900) 1,294,000
St. Petersburg (1897) 1,205,000
Osaka (1908) 1,227,000
Moscow (1897) 1,030,000
Buenos Ayres (1905) 1,028,000

Perhaps one of the most interesting
features is a comparison of the respective
growth of populations in the ten years 1898,
to 1908, which works out as follows:—

United Kingdom 4,186,000
Germany 8,574,000
France 522,000
Russia 28,614,000
United States 14,222,000
Japan 5,048,000
Austria-Hungary 4,064,000

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR FAMILY.

WHEN you fail to provide your family
with a bottle of Chamberlain's
Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at
this season of the year, you are neglecting
them, as bowel complaint is sure to be
prevalent, and it is too dangerous a remedy
to be trusted with it. It has never been
known to fail even in the most severe and
dangerous cases, and its cost is not beyond
the means of any one. For sale by all
Chemists and Druggists.

Business Notices.

W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.

Builders of Steamers up to 1000 Tons.
Tugs, Launches, Barges, Motor Boats.
Castings, Forgings, Roofs, Bridge Work and
Engineering Work and Repairs of
every description.
ONE STEAM-LAUNCH & ONE LIGHTER FOR SALE.
Also complete pneumatic Riveting Plant.

THE NESTLE & ANGLO-SWISS CONDENSED MILK CO.

CHAM (Switzerland)

AND LONDON.

MILKMAID
BRAND

Full Cream Milk.

LARGEST SALE
IN THE
WORLD.

As a guarantee of Quality.

Milkmaid

ON EVERY TIN.

Hongkong, December 1, 1910.



STERILIZED
NATURAL MILK.
A Trial of which will satisfy
you of its
EXCELLENCE.

PRICE:
20 Cents Per Tin.
\$2.30.... Per Doz. Tins.
\$9.00.... Per Case of 4 Doz.
Tins.
ON SALE AT:
LANT, CRAWFORD & Co.,
Kwan Yee, Queen's Rd. Cent.
Cheong Yee, Queen's Road
Central.
MAN YUEN, Queen's Rd. East.
NAM HING LOONG, Queen's
Road Central.
MUTUAL STORE, Queen's Road
Central.
HONGKONG CO-OPERATIVE SO-
CIETY, 11, Caine Road.
1351

EXCURSIONS TO SHEK WAN BAY

DURING THE TIN HAU FESTIVAL.

[SUNDAY, 16th April S.S. HEUNGSHAN 8 A.M. 2 P.M.
MONDAY, 17th S.S. KINSHAN 8 A.M. 2 P.M.
TUESDAY, 18th S.S. FATSHAN 8 A.M. 2 P.M.
WEDNESDAY, 19th S.S. KINSHAN 8 A.M. 2 P.M.
THURSDAY, 20th S.S. FATSHAN 8 A.M. 2 P.M.

Meals and refreshments supplied on board at tariff rates.
Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Hongkong, Canton and
Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd., Hotel Mansions.

W. E. CLARKE,
Secretary, Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents, China Navigation Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, April 7, 1911.

GRAND HOTEL

NO. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

A FIRST-CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL.

ENGLISH and European Management. Situated in the most central position.
Large and airy Rooms, luxuriously furnished, Electric Light and Fans through-
out. Sanitary arrangements of the latest pattern.

CUISINE UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.
Ladies' Afternoon Tea Rooms. Special rates for married families on application to
the Manager.

CHARGES MODERATE.
F. REICHMANN, Proprietor. J. H. OXBERRY, Manager.
Telephone No. 197. TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: 'COMFORT,' HONGKONG.
Hongkong, November 10, 1909. 1374

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

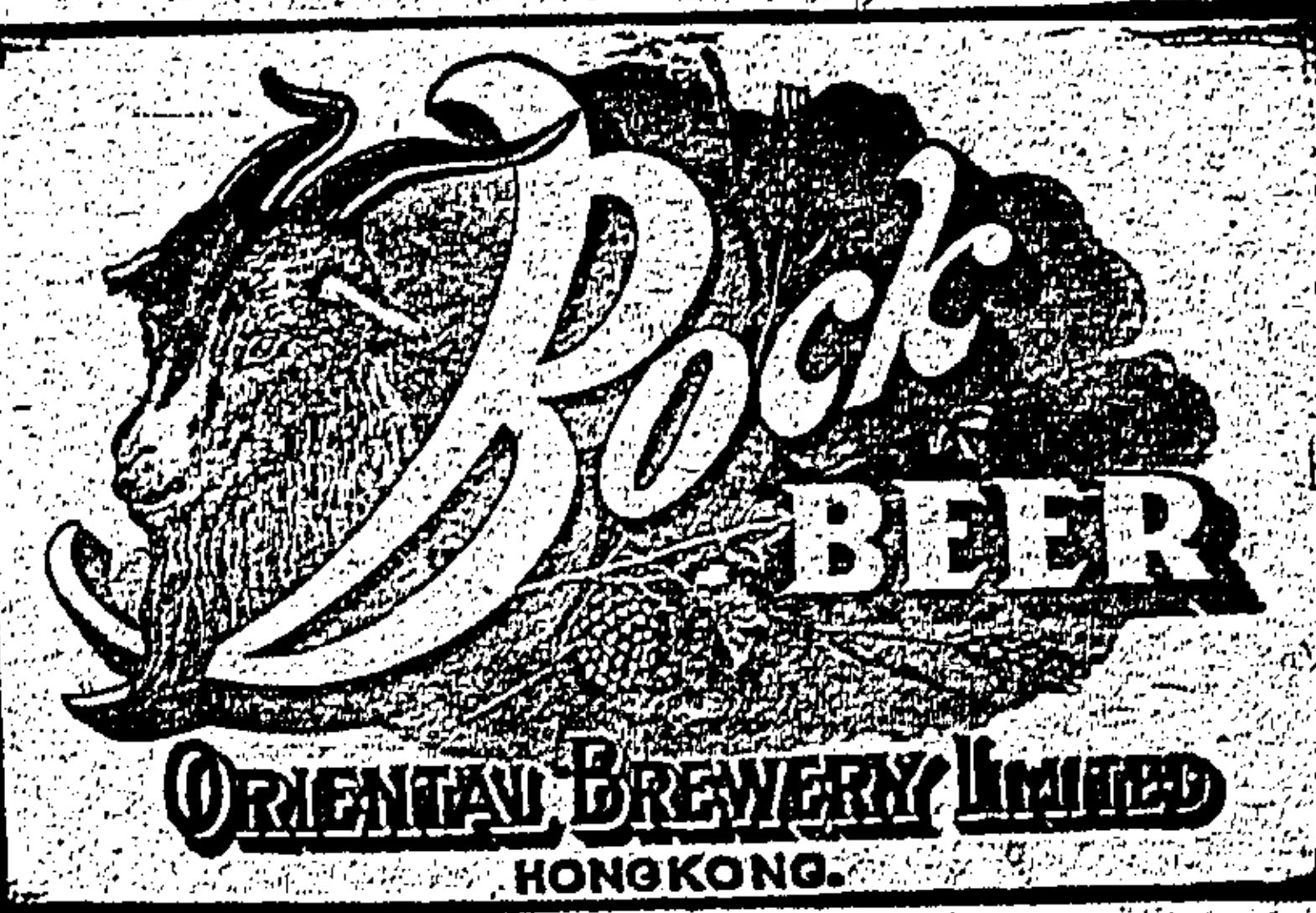
(LATE CONNAUGHT HOTEL).

QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

CENTRALLY situated, up-to-date Hotel. Recently renovated and under new
management. Large and comfortable rooms. Excellent cuisine and the
superior of an experienced French Chef.

PARTICULARS AND RATES on application to MANAGER.

G. GABEAU, Proprietor. N. BLUMENTHAL, Manager.
Hongkong, October 3, 1908. 15



SINGON & CO.

IRON, STEEL, METAL and HARD-
WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale
and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and
Foundry Castings Importers. General Store-
keepers and Shipchandeliers. Nos. 37 and
39, HING LOONG STREET (2nd Street, west
of Central Market) Telephone No. 610.
Hongkong, September 4, 1909. 1124

Business Notices.

THE EASTERN ASBESTOS COMPANY, HONGKONG.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE BELDAM PACKING & RUBBER COMPANY,
LONDON.

Contractors to the Admiralty and Leading Shipping Companies.
Sole Patentees and Manufacturers of the following Specialities:
Pilot Packing, Serpent Packing, Sceptre Packing,
Pilot Jointing, Beldamite Jointing.

ASBESTOS & RUBBER GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
PACKINGS & JOINTINGS FOR ALL PURPOSES.

Office & Show Room: 4, QUEEN'S BUILDING, CHATER ROAD.
Telegrams: 'C-RETRACTED,' HONGKONG. Telephone No. 501.

RANSOME'S LAWN MOWERS

(ENGLISH MADE).

'Anglo' THE 'LION'
Paris' FROM FROM
\$35.00 \$20.00

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

THE BIJOU SCENIC THEATRE

'ALL THE WORLD'S OUR WINDOW'
THE LATEST PICTURES. THE BEST ARTISTES.

A Programme to suit all tastes.
SPORTS IN THE INDIAN ARMY

BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT THE BIJOU PRODUCES
A NEW PICTORIAL COMEDY BY THE HONORABLE
EVERY—Max Linder—WEEK

THIS WEEK
'WHEN THE SHOE PINCHES'

Lessee and Manager: R. H. STEPHENSON.
Hongkong, October 28, 1910. 1318

PURE DRINKING WATER.

BERKEFELD FILTERS

Drip Filters, in Glass and Stoneware.

PUMP FILTERS.

PRESSURE FILTERS.
PRICES ON APPLICATION.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

UNRIVALED FOR COMFORT AND CUISINE,
THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE WITH EVERY MODERN LUXURY
MODERATE TERMS AND NO EXTRAS
A. F. DAVIES, Manager

PEAK HOTEL.

ADAMANTLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.
Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.
Open to the South Winds in Summer and protected from the North-east Winds in
Winter. Commanding a magnificent view of Hongkong, the harbour and adjacent
island for forty miles.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.
Terms: From \$5 per day. Telephone Add: 'Pencehill.'
25, Town Office. 4, DES VOEUX ROAD.
Hongkong, February 3, 1908.

THE CLUB HOTEL.

Best Attention Paid to Guests.
No. 5, BUND, YOKOHAMA.
Hongkong, March 1, 1911. 293

THE GRAND CARLTON HOTEL

This Temperance Hotel has been established to meet the requirements of those who desire
all the conveniences and advantages of the modern Hotels at moderate charges.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: 'GRAND' (Hongkong). O. E. OWEN, Proprietor.

Business Notices.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD

PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.,

GENERAL MANAGERS.

FAIRALL & CO.

Dressmakers and Milliners.

FLANNEL & LINEN SUITS;
BLOUSES.

NEW SPRING MILLINERY

Gloves in Doe Skin, Silk and Lisle.

2, PEDDER STREET.

Telephone 644.

MASSEY'S

1911 Directory.

NOW COMPILING.

New Firms, Clubs, Associations, etc., not appearing in the last issue are reported
and in their names to 16 HOTEL MANSIONS, 4TH FLOOR.

NOTE.—This information is published free of charge.

"SOUVENIR"

CALENDAR AND BLOTTER FOR 1911.

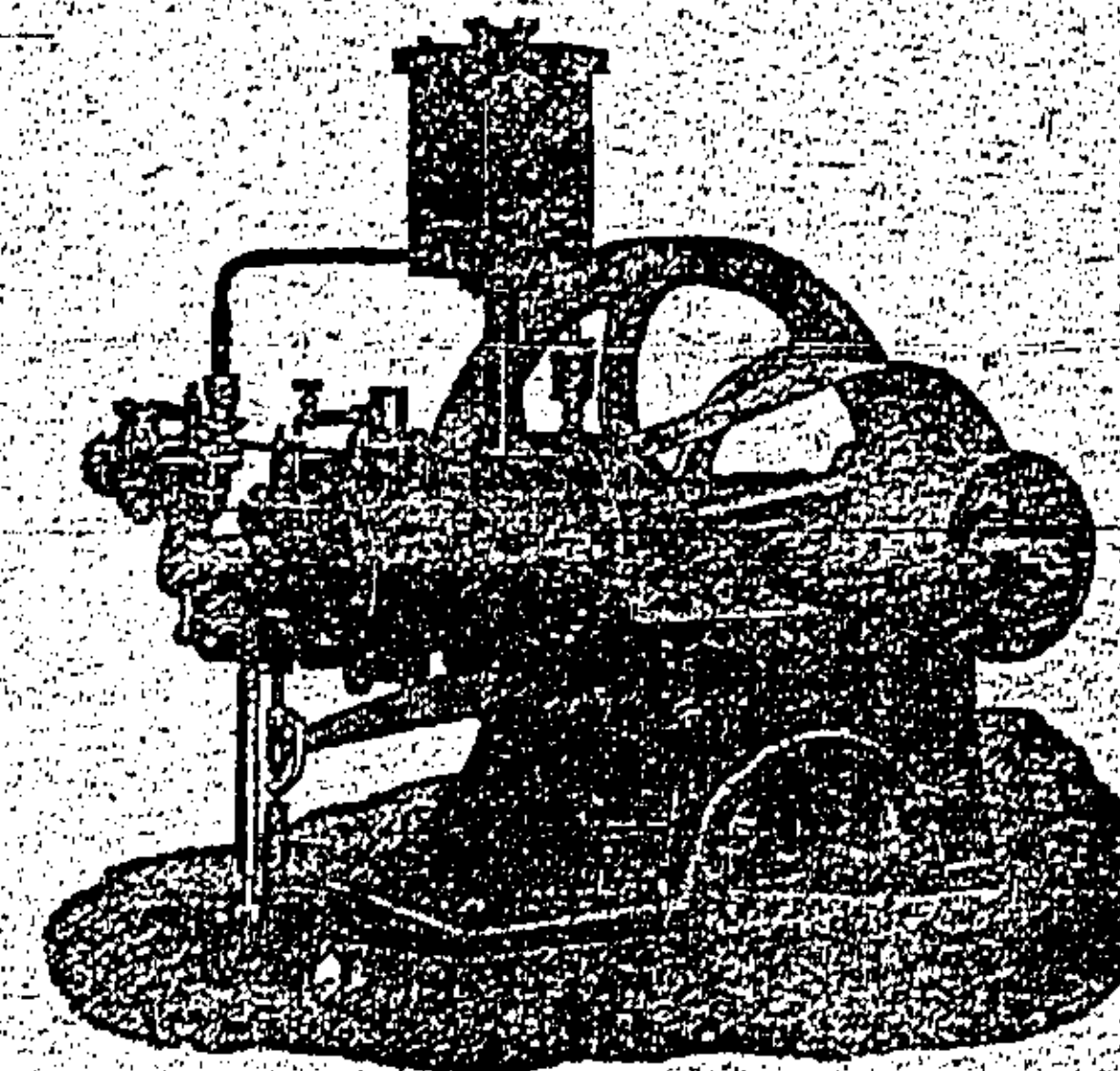
Pretty and Acceptable Xmas or New Year's Gift.

ON SALE:—KELLY & WALSH, LD.; HARVEY & CO., LD.; CHINA MAN, LD.
Hongkong, August 23, 1910.

FROM DELIVERY STOCK

THAT IS THE FIRST POINT.

Second, the 'PETTER' ENIGNE is the BEST.
Third, AUTOMATIC IGNITION, no magneto or batteries.
Lastly the 'PETTER' OIL ENGINE is cheap.



PETTER HORIZONTAL KEROSENE OIL ENGINES & PUMPS.
Sizes 2 to 14 B.H.P. in Stock.

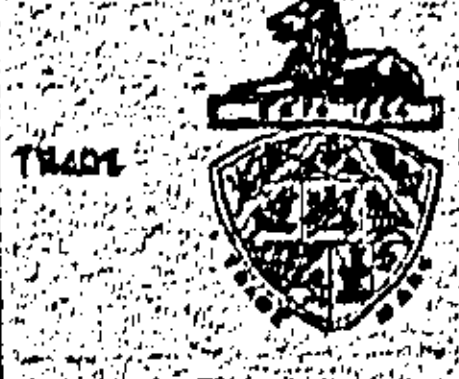
MANUFACTURERS' GUARANTEE—SIX MONTHS.

Full Details, Catalogues and Estimates.

SOLE AGENTS FOR SOUTH CHINA

WILLIAM C. JACK & CO., LTD.

ELECTRICAL & MECHANICAL ENGINEERS, CONTRACTORS.
14, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.



Brandy, Champagne, Sherries,
Gins, Whiskies, Marsalas,
Vermouths, Madeiras,
Bitters, Ports,
Liqueurs, Claretts,
Ales, Beers and Stouts, Burgundies,
Hocks & Moselles.

Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co.

Wine and Spirit Merchants,
15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Intimations.

G. FALCONER & Co.,

LIMITED,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS.
Telephone No. 103.
HOTEL MANSIONS.
NEW SELECTIONS OF
DIAMOND JEWELLERY AND ENGLISH SILVER WARE
HIGH-CLASS GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.
LARGE SELECTION OF PRESENTATION PLATE, CUPS, BOWLS, ETC.
FALCONER, & Co., ARE AGENTS FOR ROSS'S FAMOUS TELESCOPES AND
BINOCULARS, LORD KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.
ADMIRALTY CHARTS AND BOOKS.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER.

WING KEE & Co.,

Nos. 47, 48 and 49, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL.
SHU-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS, COAL
MERCHANTS, &c., &c., OF FIFTY YEARS STANDING
SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL.
FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager.
Hongkong, August 12, 1908.

MEE CHEUNG & Co.,

ART PHOTOGRAPHER, ICE HOUSE LANE
SPECIALIST IN ENLARGING AND BROMIDE WORK.
Great Equipment for Developing and Printing for Amateur
CAMERAS FOR HIRE.

WING ON Co.,

TAILORS AND OUTFITTERS. EXPORT AND IMPORT MERCHANTS
HAVE JUST RECEIVED NEW SHIPMENTS OF
Drapery, Grocery, Ironmongery, Crockery, Glass and
China Ware, Furniture, Watches & Clocks.
The Cheapness and quality of their Goods have no equal.
206-213, DES VŒUX ROAD CENTRAL, (Transit pass the Door)
107 & 108, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, (Transit pass the Door)
Telephone 189.

J. ULLMANN & Co.,

JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS AND OPTICIANS.
Always carry a large and varied Stock of
HIGH CLASS JADE AND CHINESE-MADE
JEWELLERY
SOUVENIR-SPoons.
THE FINEST ASSORTMENT EVER SEEN IN HONGKONG.
Prices right.

Weismann, Limited.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF EASTER GOODS
NOW ON VIEW.

EARLY ORDERS SOLICITED.

FOR

HOT X BUNS.

WHITE ANTS.

AVENARIUS CARBOLINEUM
THE BEST

WOOD PRESERVATIVE.

30 YEARS' SUCCESS

THE ONLY EFFECTIVE AND
LASTING PROTECTION
AGAINST

WHITE ANTS.

GOVERNMENTS AND OTHER TESTIMONIALS.

SOLE AGENTS: **MELCHERS & CO.****ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'**

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR

All Functional Derangements of the Liver,
Temporary Congestion arising from Alco-
holic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating
or Drinking) Billiousness, Sick Headache,
Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melan-
choly, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of
the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a
Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage,
most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants,
Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.

ENO'S 'Fruit Salt' is the most effective of the Liver, Bowels, Skin and
Kidneys by Natural Means. It is free from poisons or other
harmful matters, the foundation and great danger of Cholera, Typhoid,
Dysentery, &c., &c. There is no doubt that where it has been taken in the
earliest stages of a disease it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.
CAUTION—Beware of cheap imitations. It is the marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'.
Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., PRATT ROAD, LONDON.
Sole Agents: Chemists and Stores everywhere.

Intimations.

MITSU BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA

(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TAKA-
SIMA, OCHI, MUTABE, HOJO,
KANADA, NAMAZUTA, SAYO,
SHUNNEW and KAMIYAMADA
Colliers.

SOLE AGENTS for KISHIDAKE

COAL.

HEAD OFFICE—TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES—

Nagasaki, Moji, Katsura,

Wakamatsu, Kobe, Osaka,

Shanghai, Hongkong, Hankow

TEL. ADDRESS for above: 'IWASAKI'

Cable:—A.I. ABC 5th Ed., Western Union.

AGENCIES:

YOKOHAMA: M. Asahi, Ltd.

CHINKIANG: Messrs Gearing &

Co.

MANILA: Messrs Macouduay &

Co.

SINGAPORE: Messrs Borneo Co.

Ltd.

For particulars, apply to

H. OISHI,

No. 2, PRINCE STREET,

Hongkong, January 9, 1909.

VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB.

FOURTEEN TH ATHLETIC MEETING.

THE COMMITTEE OF THE VICTORIA

RECREATION CLUB request the pleasure

of the Company of the Ladies of Hongkong

on SATURDAY, the 8th April, at 1 P.M.,

on the HONGKONG FOOTBALL CLUB GROUND

(kindly placed at the disposal of the Com-

mittee) at the Happy Valley.

Admission to the Ground, Stand and

Enclosure (Gentlemen) \$1.00.

Members of the Hongkong Football Club,

on presenting Membership Ticket—Free.

No persons other than Officials and Com-

petitor allowed within the Course.

By kind permission of Lt. Colonel

McIntyre and Officers, 8th Rajputs, the

Band of the Regiment will play during the

afternoon.

F. LAMBERT,

Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, April 5, 1911.

RICHARDSON.

ROLLER SKATES.

"RICHARDSON"

CHICAGO

The Standard of excellence and

The Best in the World.

They have held all world records for

24 years.

Write for booklet, tells how to open,

and operate ROLLER SKATES.

RICHARDSON BROS. BEARING SKATE CO.

311, Michigan St., Chicago, U.S.A.

Hongkong, April 5, 1911.

THE BIRD IN

THE HAND

(A BIRD IN THE HAND IS

WORTH TWO IN THE BUSH).

THE bird in the hand to the

merchant is the outcome within

the store. It requires some sort of

attention in the first place to get the

customer there—the best at-

traction is a real, live advertisement;

something good that will catch the eye

that has been carefully selected, art-

istically compiled and strikingly set up.

Advertisements in the China Mail and

Overland China Mail read the best,

look the best and give the best results.

Hongkong, April 12, 1910.

Popular

ASAHI BEER

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE

SOLE AGENTS

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA

Hongkong, Dec. 17, 1910.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

Level and Storage of Water in Reservoir

in the 1st April, 1911.

CITY AND DISTRICT WATER WORKS

LEVEL.

1910. 1911.

System, 4 ft. 4 in. below overtop

System, 4 ft. 4 in. below overtop

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System, 4 ft. 4 in. below overtop

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Intimations.

The genuine mineral water of **VICHY** French State's springs.
BE CAREFUL TO NAME WHICH SPRING
VICHY CELESTINS Gout, Gravel, Diarrhea,
VICHY GRANDE-GRILLE Liver
VICHY HOPITAL Stomach's diseases
LOZENGES—SALTS—COMPRIMES VICHY-ÉTAT

THEATRE ROYAL

BANDMANN OPERA CO.,

MONDAY & TUESDAY,

April 10th & 11th,

THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER.

WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY,

April 12th & 13th,

THE QUAKER GIRL.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Government Analyst's report show

that the water is of excellent quality.

N. CHATMAN,

Water Authority.

HOUSES COLLAPSE IN

CANTON.

News from Canton states that there has

been a serious accident in Tak Hing street

in the western suburbs. It appears that

one of the shops, was in such an unsatis-

factory condition, that it was not able to

bear the strain of the weight upon its

walls. Some materials stored in the loft

happening to be heavier than usual, the

whole gave way. Naturally this interfered

with the adjacent shops, and so altogether

when the rubbish was cleared away it was

found that twelve persons were more or

less injured by the accident. The report

does not say if any lost their lives or not.

The accident occurred in the middle of the

night. The Canton people however, at

present have a fairly well organized Red

Cross Society, and apparently they are not

backward in calling in its assistance, which

is never denied when asked. In this case

workers from the Society were soon on the

spot, though it was night, and the wounds

of the suffering were cured for.

WIDOWS AND MARRIAGE.

Fall in the Rate of Those Who

Remarry.

The Registrar-General's annual report of

births, deaths and marriages for 1909

contains some interesting details as to the

remarriage of widows and widowers. The

fall in the marriage rate has been greater

among widowers and widows than among

the unmarried of either sex, but the

apparent tendency among the widowed not

to remarry is probably overstated. The

number of widows is always much greater

than that of widowers, because, in the first

place, men marry later in life than

women; second, because the duration of

male life is shorter than that of female life;

and, third, because the proportion of

widows who remarry is much lower than

the proportion of widowers who remarry.

The number of divorced persons who

remarried in 1876-80 was equal to about 19

per cent. of the number divorced during

that period, whereas in 1909 the proportion

had risen to about 50 per cent. In the

year 1909 the proportion of those who at

the time of marriage were unable to sign

their names in the register was 1.1 per

cent. in the case of bridegrooms and 1.3 per

cent. in the case of brides. Taking the country

in the aggregate, the proportion of illegitimate

women has always been somewhat higher

than the proportion of illegitimate men. The

case of London is exceptional. In the year

1909 the proportion of bride

HUGHES and HOUGH,

AUCTIONEERS

AND

COMMISSION AGENTS.

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from COMPTON BACKWELL, Harbour Master, to sell by Public Auction,

SATURDAY,

the 8th April, 1911, at 11 A.M., at the Police Basin, Tsim Sha Tsui, —

The Steam Launch

MARLOW,
Built by The Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Limited.

The Launch is moored in the Police Basin at Tsim Sha Tsui.

Full Particulars and Inspecting Orders may be had from the Auctioneers.

TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Government Auctioneers.

Hongkong, March 20, 1911. 440

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, for account of the concerned,

WEDNESDAY,

the 15th April, 1911, at 2.30 P.M., at the Victoria Plantation, —

The Plantation

THE WHOLE OF THE

VALUABLE

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

THREEIN CONTAINER,

Comprising:—

Teak and Blackwood Hall Furniture,

Drawing Room Suite, Curtains, Pictures,

Blackwood Ware, a few pieces of Porcelain,

&c., &c., Dining Room Suite, Plate,

Cutlery, Glassware, &c., &c., Bedroom

Furniture, Blankets, Linen, &c., &c.,

Pantries and Kitchen Utensils including

a number of Brass Table Lamps;

Also

A unique Collection of Old Chinese

Weapons, One Broadwood Cottage Piano

in good condition;

And

A large number of Assorted Plants,

Ferns, &c., in Pots.

Catalogues will be issued.

On View from 12.15 to 4 P.M.

TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, March 33, 1911. 408

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from E.C. WILKS, who is giving up Housekeeping, to sell by Public Auction

WEDNESDAY

the 19th April, 1911, commencing at 2 P.M., at his residence 3, KIMBERLY VILLAS, Kowloon, —

THE WHOLE OF HIS

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Comprising:—

Hall Stands and Chairs, Pictures, Stair

Carpets and Brass Rods, Sideboard, and

Morocco, Covered Dining Room Suite by

Lane Crawford, Extension Dining Table,

Book Case and Writing Table with

Drawers to Match, Drawing Room Suite

by Powell & Co., Piano by John Broadwood,

Amateur Carpet and Rug, Etchings and

Engravings, Black Wood Ware, Chinoiserie,

and Ormolu Clocks, Brass and Bronze

Ware, &c., Cutlery and Glass Ware,

Electro Plate, Dinner and Breakfast

Servings, Bed Room Suite of Chinese Carved

Cherry Wood;

Bed Room Suite in Carved Camphor

Wood, Wardrobes, &c., Brass and Iron

Bedsteads, Carpets and Rugs, Fire Brasses

and Fenders, American Ice Chest, Coal and

Gas Stoves, Kitchen Gear, Solid Nickel, and

Copper Cooking Utensils, a Special Tokio

Built Rickshaw, Iron Safe, Plants in Pots,

Tennis Net and Adjustable Poles, with

Rackets, Lawn Roller, &c.

TERMS:—As usual.

Catalogues will be issued.

On View from Monday, the 17th inst.

TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 4, 1911. 403

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from J.F. BOULZOUX, Esq., to sell by Public Auction,

THURSDAY,

the 27th April, 1911, at 2.30 P.M., at his residence, FOREBANK EAST, 144 Magazine Gap, —

THE WHOLE OF THE

VALUABLE

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

THREEIN CONTAINER,

Comprising:—

Hall Furniture and Stands, Upholstered

Drawing Room Suite, Curtains, Carpets,

Blackwood Ware, Engravings and Pictures,

Porcelains, Brass Ware, &c., &c., Bed

Room Furniture, Linen, Blankets, &c.,

&c., Dining Room Suite, Plate, Cutlery,

Glass Ware, &c., &c., Kitchen and Pantry

Utensils;

And

A number of Pots of Palm, Plants, &c.

Also

One Lady's Carrying Chair.

On View from the 26th proximo.

Catalogues will be issued.

TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, March 10, 1911. 301



Mr. JOHN BARTON (from photograph).

HALE AND HEARTY AT 89

An Centenarian's Record: Cured of Rheumatism and Doubtful of Advanced Age by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Quite an interesting character is Mr. John Barton, who lives in the hamlet of Weston Colville, Cambridgeshire, England. Such an address is sufficient to find him, because he is so well-known. Mr. Barton is just upon ninety years of age, and his splendid health, activity and keen mental faculties are quickly appreciated by every one who has conversed with him.

In a chat with a reporter of the Cambridge Times Mr. Barton mentioned that he ascribed his remarkably good health and strong vitality to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

LIL FOR A YEAR.

Explaining the circumstances to the reporter, he said:—"I was taken with a very bad attack of Rheumatism about fifteen years ago. My sufferings lasted fully a year.

"At first my appetite left me, also it became painful to drink anything. Later, sharp, shooting pains attacked my legs, and my joints began to swell. I rubbed my limbs with oil and liniments, but before long Rheumatism struck me all of a heap. I was helpless, and all the time groaning with pain. Soon it was impossible for me to walk without assistance, and getting up and down stairs was a painful job. I could not even dress myself, for the Rheumatism spread through almost every muscle in my body, and every movement made me wince.

"All my strength left me, and I became as helpless as a baby.

HIS NERVES BROKE DOWN.

"I took dozens of different medicines. But the Rheumatism became so acute that I could not bear to stand on my feet. The agony in my legs and elbows was cruel, and I was troubled with fearful headaches. Under these sufferings I broke up myself, and began to fear that it was a case of 'soon' being all over with John Barton.

"I could not sleep at nights. The Rheumatism really seemed worse, and pains kept shooting from one limb to another.

"Eventually I had to take to my bed, and when I was moved for the bed to be made it caused me fearful agony; my poor wife was worn out attending on me.

HIS CHILDREN'S COUNSEL.

"But one day one of my children wrote asking me if I had tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I decided that I would give the Pills a trial. After taking four or five bottles of the Pills the Rheumatism began to get easier and I felt brighter and more hopeful. In time my appetite improved, and I was able to get better rest at nights.

"As I continued taking the Pills my nerves became steadier, and I could move my limbs without any pains torturing me. As time went on I was able to leave my bed and stand on my feet. By and by I ventured to walk without assistance.

"After taking further supplies of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills all the aches and pains disappeared from my joints. I had a good appetite, could enjoy my food, and it nourished me. My nerves were perfectly steady, and all the Rheumatism went from my limbs and back. I was soon able to get about as well as ever, and never had any return of the Rheumatism or weakness.

"I am eighty-nine years of age come next December, and I regard the health I owe to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a wonderful. I am well and strong, and can do anything."

NEEDED BY OLD AND YOUNG.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make the New Good Blood needed by young and old of both sexes, in all disorders that arise from debilitated or impure blood. These Pills have also cured Anemia, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Liver Disorder, Eczema, Rheumatism, Scalds, Malaria, Beri-Beri, Nervous Disorders dreaded by men, and women's aches and ills. Of dealers, or post free, 1 bottle for \$1.50, 6 bottles for \$8 from the China Office of the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 84, Southview Road, Shanghai. As worthless substitutes are offered at some shops, always ask distinctly for

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, for account of the concerned,

SATURDAY,

the 8th April, 1911, at 11 A.M., at their Sales Rooms, No. 3, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, —

A FEW VALUABLE PEARLS,

And

1 ROSE DIAMOND AND PLATINUM

NECKLACE.

TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 6, 1911. 424

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, for account of the concerned,

SATURDAY,

the 8th April, 1911, at 11 A.M., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, —

A FEW VALUABLE PEARLS,

And

1 ROSE DIAMOND AND PLATINUM

NECKLACE.

TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 6, 1911. 424

NOTICE.

MR. LI HON FAN, a Chinese graduate versed in literature, has been a teacher to European officials and merchants in this Colony for over ten years.

He has a good method of training Europeans to pass in the Chinese examination, and is possessed of a first rate certificate as a Chinese teacher. He has also a good knowledge of Mandarin.

Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write care of China Mail office or direct to 37, Hollywood Road, 1st floor.

Hongkong, December 24, 1910. 1553

ON WO & CO., LD.

GOLD & SILVER JEWELLERY.

MADE TO ORDER.

SILK Goods, Chinese Embroidery and

Grass Cloth, Silk and Linen

Grass Pieces, Ivory and

Adornment Carica.

37, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,

Hongkong, January 19, 1911. 9

QUALITY A INDIAN GAUZE VESTS, HALF SLEEVES

Made From Fine Yarns, Light and Cool in Wear. The Highest Value At The Price.

Chest	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50
Price	\$3.00	3.70	4.00	4.50	5.00	5.50	6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50

QUALITY B.V. INDIAN GAUZE VESTS, 1 SLEEVES

Slightly Heavier Quality Than Above and with Ventilated

Arm Pits.

Price	\$10.50	11.00	11.50	12.00	12.50	13.00	13.50	14.00	14.50	15.00
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QUALITY C. INDIAN GAUZE VESTS, 1 SLEEVES

Made from Stout Long Staple Egyptian Yarns.

Price	\$12.00	13.00	14.00	15.00	16.00	17.00	18.00	19.00	20.00	21.00
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FLEXINET UNDERVESTS WITH 1 SLEEVES

Soft Porous Garments In A High Grade Quality

Price	1.85	1.95	2.00	2.15	2.25	Each
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INDIAN GAUZE PANTS, REACHING TO KNEE

Sturdy Wearing Quality Spliced Seams, Extra Strong Crotch.

Waist	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Price	1.25	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.55	1.60

INDIAN GAUZE DRAWERS SUPERIOR QUALITY

PRICE \$1.70 1.75 1.80 2.00 2.10 2.20 2.35

IDEAL HOT WEATHER UNDERWEAR

Loose Fitting Trunk Drawers In Indian Gauze Tape Tie Round

Waist, Button Fronts.

Size	Small	Medium	Large	Out Size
Price	\$12.00	\$14.00	\$14.50	15.00 Doz.

INDIAN GAUZE VESTS WITH PROX (CLOSED)

NECKS ALL SIZES

Price \$7.50 Doz.

DITTO SUPERIOR QUALITY MADE OF FINEST

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Chest	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Price	1.75	1.85	1.95	2.00	2.05	2.10	2.15

BROWN NET VESTS 1 SLEEVES

Chest	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Price	\$15.00	16.00	17.40	18.00	19.00	20.00	21.00

Bleached Net Vests

Price	\$14.20	17.40	18.60	21.00	Doz.
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Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd., 25, Des Voeux Road.

COMPANY REPORTS.

China Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd.

The report for the year 1910 is as follows:—

The Board has now to lay before the Shareholders a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company on the 31st December 1910 and a statement of accounts of the same date.

1909 Account.—After payment of the interim dividend of \$3 per share and the bonus of 20 per cent. to contributors passed at the last annual meeting there remains a balance of \$430,140.07 as per annexed statement.

The Board recommends that this sum be appropriated as follows:—

A final dividend to shareholders of \$4 per share on 24,000 shares \$ 96,000.00

An addition to Reinsurance Fund of \$14,000 at exchange 1/10th 108,761.71

To be carried forward to Underspending Suspense account to close the account for the year 1909 225,358.20

\$430,140.07

1910 Account.—The balance of Working Account on the 31st December 1910 was \$1,198,815.44 as per annexed statement.

The Board recommends that an interim dividend of \$4 per share be paid to shareholders, absorbing \$96,000 and that a bonus of 20 per cent be paid to contributors, absorbing about \$125,000 and that the remainder be carried forward.

DIRECTORS.

SHIPPING.

VESSEL LAST REPORTED.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Aries, Saigon, April 4.

Achilles, leaves Liverpool, April 14.

Agamemnon, left Hongkong, April 7.

Alcibiades, left Hongkong, April 24.

Antenor, leaves Liverpool, April 8.

Antiochus, Hobbs, March 29.

Antiochus, Hongkong, April 15.

Aquila, left Hongkong, March 18.

Bellerophon, Yokohama, April 7.

Bangkok, Hongkong, April 2.

Chenou, leaves Shanghai, April 6.

Changsha, left Hongkong, Feb. 26.

Chinhu, leaves Hongkong, April 6.

Ochalea, left Saigon, March 3.

Chioisang, Hongkong, March 3.

Chili, Shanghai, March 8.

Cyclops, left Liverpool, March 18.

Chowai, Hongkong, March 27.

Dedalion, left Hongkong, March 27.

Derwongse, Hongkong, March 27.

Huihuoh, left Hongkong, April 1.

Hwang, left Hongkong, April 1.

Hyon, left Liverpool, March 11.

Hupeh, Hongkong, March 22.

Houmou, leaves Kobe, April 6.

Iohang, Hongkong, March 9.

Jason, left Suez, March 13.

Kohschang, Hongkong, March 23.

Kaitung, left Hongkong, March 23.

Kiekiang, Hongkong, March 2.

Kienchi, Hongkong, March 13.

Kongwai, Hongkong, March 11.

Kwaihi, Batavia, March 6.

Kintuck, due Taichang, April 13.

Kusichow, left Hongkong, March 22.

Loosok, Hongkong, March 15.

Liran, leaves Hongkong, April 6.

Lockean, Hongkong, March 2.

Laserte, leaves Yokohama, April 6.

Mennon, left Suez, outward, March 7.

Mehelau, left Batavia, for Liverpool, Feb. 28.

Mehelau, Hongkong, March 2.

Mehelau, left Hongkong, April 2.

Mehelau, leaves Liverpool, April 8.

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"THE PROTEUS OF DISEASE."

Indigestion's Innumerable Forms.

Of all the disorders to which humanity is heir, indigestion is undoubtedly the most frequent. Its symptoms are endless in their variety and its cause is scarcely less numerous.

Whatever the cause, the greatest care has undoubtedly to be exercised in the question of food, so as to give the digestive organs the opportunity to rest and regain their strength and tone.

Such a food must put the minimum tax on the stomach, it must be digested with the minimum expenditure of the energy by the nervous system, and must be readily assimilated to make actual flesh and blood.

Of all the preparations known to medical science, not one possesses these qualities in so great a degree as Santogen, which consists of the albumin of milk chemically combined with glycerophosphate of sodium.

The value of Santogen in cases of Dyspepsia is abundantly proved by many articles in the leading medical journals from one of which, the *General Practitioner*, May 20th, 1906, the following case is quoted:—H. C., aged 34 years. I saw him on March 10th; he was suffering from marked dyspepsia, loss of appetite, and had lost 10 lbs. in weight during his two months' absence. No physical signs could be found in his lungs. He was ordered two teaspoonfuls of Santogen three times daily, and ordinary diet. As the end of a week his indigestion had entirely gone, his appetite was normal, and he had already increased 25 lbs. in weight.

Santogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

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INCREASING CRIME.

Drastic Proposals from Belgium.

M. Raphael Simons, Public Prosecutor in Brussels, has started the country somewhat with proposals for amending the administration of the criminal law. M. Simons, after showing that crime is almost everywhere on the increase, denounces as the cause of its progress the modern and ultra-sentimental idea of the mental responsibility of many criminals, who are acquitted, pardoned, or sentenced to insignificant penalties on the pretext that they are not of sound mind or other like causes. He expresses the view that the whole foundation of penal laws should be reversed, and be based henceforth, not on the individual interests of the criminal, but on the collective interests of social self-defence against crime, whether such crime be voluntary or not.

Further, Mr. Simons would have judges decide simply whether prisoners are or are not guilty of the offences charged against them, and, in case of guilt, sentence them to imprisonment whether they are sane or not. Medical men would then be invited to make a close examination of the prisoner's mental condition. It would depend on the result of such an examination whether the prisoner would be confined in jail or in a lunatic asylum.

At the same time, M. Simons, and the "school of practical men" for whom he speaks, would reintroduce the penalty of "capital exclusion" from society—i.e., capital punishment—for all cases of murder. As he foresees that it might be difficult to induce sensitive jurymen to return a verdict of guilty in all such cases, he would abolish trial by jury, except for purely civil actions, and he would likewise do away with the King's right of pardon.

In addition, he would increase the citizen's right of self-defence to the extent of allowing a would-be murderer to be killed at sight by his intended victim.

It is, of course, expected that this new theory of criminal law will be attacked and violently opposed by the older school of jurists. It is ample testimony, however, to the growing anxiety which is being awakened by the increase of crime and the present humanitarian tendency towards excessive leniency.

That these new ideas should spring up in Belgium, where capital punishment has been abolished for more than half a century and where the penal laws have as a whole been greatly modified in favour of leniency during the last twenty-five years, is also very significant. M. Simons, it should be added in conclusion, confidently looks forward to the gradual adoption of his views, "despite the opposition of sentimentalists."

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Hongkong, April 19, 1907.

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LIMITED,

Gentlemen's Outfitters,

NEW SUN HATS

Excellent Shapes.

Khaki,

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Cork,

Rubber, etc.

SMART PUGGARREES.

Prices Moderate.

Wm. Powell, Ltd.,

28, QUEEN'S ROAD.

'EMPIRE'

CINEMATOGRAF THEATRE,

The PIONEER HALL OF THE COLONY

Opposite Central Market.

2 Performances—7.15 to 9 and 9.15 to 11.30 p.m.

GRAND SUCCESS

of the Renowned Soprano

Miss IRMA de LEPOMME.

The great Character Comedian

FRANK FOSTER.

The grand new interesting film—Daily Life of the Human Race on board of the U.S.S. Washington.

COMING—Two Talented Artists.

At the Matinee, on Saturday and Sunday.

The Great Film.

The Life and Passion of Christ.

The City Hall is a monument to the liberality of the great trading firms of the Colony just now present, and in its time has done excellent service. But who is there living in the Colony to-day but will acknowledge that it no longer serves the needs of the community. The theatre is draughty, miserably furnished and inadequately provided with even the commonest necessities, while its acoustic properties are shocking. The upper halls used for dancing and concerts no longer suffice for the ever-increasing demands of a growing community. Besides the condition of the fabric after all these years in such a climate as that of Hongkong must be a cause of considerable uneasiness to those who wish to use the place for the purpose of a big assembly. The Government is not in a position to-day to build a theatre, neither do we think there is much prospect of a public company being started for such a purpose. The returns on capital expended on such a project in the Far East are all too problematical to attract investment. Altogether then, taking these things into consideration, we are greatly inclined to support the suggestion that the Corporation Committee should approach the trustees of the City Hall to discover by what means the Colony could, with their cooperation, be put into possession of an up-to-date theatre and assembly rooms. The trustees might either be bought out, or if for sentimental reasons the big firms interested decline that proposition, then perhaps they could be induced to allow the public to cooperate with them in a suitable scheme. We see no reason why such a project could not be realised, for the site of the City Hall was originally practically a free gift from the Crown. The trustees do their best for the benefit of the community under the existing circumstances, but at present we believe the place hardly pays the cost of upkeep and therefore no funds are forthcoming for improvements. All the more reason therefore, if the public are willing to put up the money and shoulder the responsibility, that advantage should be taken of the present opportunity. At any rate the suggestion is worthy of consideration, and knowing what we do of the fine public spirit of such a firm as Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., who are now through the chances and accidents of time, the principal parties concerned, we believe—any such project, as we have sketched above would, we are sure, receive courteous and considerate treatment at their hands.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The population of India was found by the recent census to be 313,000,000.

A Fong, the well-known photographer, has sent us a couple of excellent photographs of the presentation of the King's medal to Chief Detective Inspector Hanson.

We have received a copy of the list of light-houses, light-vessels, buoys and beacons on the coast and rivers of China. It is issued by the Imperial Maritime Customs, and includes numerous coloured plans.

Prior to sailing for Australia to collect funds, Mr. W. A. Redmond stated that the Irish party had already approved of the lines of the Government's "Home Rule" Bill and had every confidence in Mr. Asquith and his colleagues.

Coronation Day, June 22, will be a general bank holiday at home. The day of royal progress, June 23, will be a bank holiday in London only. The Prince Consort will represent Queen Wilhelmina at the Coronation. The Prince Consort will head a special mission.

The Eastern Extension, Australasia, and China Telegraph Company, Ltd., and Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company, Ltd., announce the opening of a wireless telegraph station at Kaituma, Cocos Islands, for the transmission of telegrams to and from ships at sea. These islands, which are already connected by submarine cables, are now in a position to maintain communication with the Australian liners up to a radius of 200 to 250 nautical miles.

KEEP IT AT HAND

KEEP! Chamberlain's Pain-Balm at hand, because acquainted with its many uses and its merits and it will save much suffering as well as time and money. It promptly relieves the pain resulting from colds, fevers, sprains, injuries from any cause and the wound is healed in less time than by any other treatment. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

To-day's quotation for Para-rubber, as per Messrs. Vernon and Smyth is 5s. 11d.

The Rev. A. B. Thornhill, M.A., will preach at the parade service in the Cathedral on Sunday next.

It is settled that Indian troops at the Coronation will encamp at Hampton Court on the site used in 1902.

It is understood that Mr. Lloyd George's next Budget provides for the payment of members of Parliament at the rate of £400 a year.

The S.S. Zafiro from Manila brought 30 European first class passengers, 18 Chinese cabin, 2 Chinese second, 18 Chinese and 2 Filipinos deck.

An expedition of eight British officers and 300 men, with machine guns, is moving against a refractory tribe in the Sapat Hills, in the northern territories of the Gold Coast. It is a difficult and rocky country, and the operations are expected to last two months.

The London County Council has given authority for the opening of a cinematograph exhibition on Sunday on condition that a portion of the proceeds be given to the London hospital funds. Several clergymen are protesting against the Council's action.

Judge Harbert D. Gale, of the Court of First Instance, Manila, has recently passed sentence in some opium smuggling cases, sending the convicted men to goal for periods ranging from eighteen months to 30 days. The opium was alleged to have been smuggled on a Hongkong steamer.

The P. M. S. Manchuria, which was to have sailed to-morrow, has been postponed till noon on Sunday on account of the late arrival of the Empire from Manila. The Empire has about 30 passengers for San Francisco who connect with the Manchuria here.

"In Church Notes we read under 'Cathedral Choir': 'There are vacancies for two more tenors and at least seven sopranos.' We repeat this information in the event of any of our readers desiring to join the Cathedral choir. Applications should be sent to Mr. Denman Fuller, the Cathedral organist."

The R.I.M.S. Dufferin is due to arrive at Hongkong on 11th instant with 120th Baluchistan Infantry and No. 1 Co., H.E.S.D., R.G.A. The vessel will be moored at Kowloon wharf and the disembarkation of the troops will commence as soon as possible after her arrival.

Among the passengers leaving by the Empress of China to-morrow are Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Barrett, Messrs. H. D. Sharpe, W. A. Murray, P. Simcock, H. S. Hogge, N. Sutton, H. U. Jeffries, A. W. Grant, E. Scott, J. Johnston, A. W. Walkinshaw, C. P. Weil, W. Ironside, C. Rogers and J. Owen Hughes.

The Daily Express states hundreds of families belonging to the 12,000 miners who are on strike at Mid-Rhondda in Wales, are on the verge of starvation, and women and children often faint in the streets owing to hunger. The colliers are each receiving 10s. a week from the Miners' Federation, but the latter's funds are rapidly dwindling away. The tradesmen are on the verge of ruin, and they refuse to give further credit to the strikers.

A Washington telegram to the Cable News says that Secretary Choussal, a personal attaché of President Diaz, is now en route to Germany. He has with him the personal valuables of President Diaz, with instructions to deposit them in a Berlin bank. The valuables are understood to include jewels, securities, bonds, and many personal relics of the venerable president. Choussal's trip is regarded as the forerunner of President Diaz's abdication and flight from the country.

A serious disturbance has occurred at Lisbon resulting from an attempt to bring a general strike as a protest against the recent shooting of two strikers at Seixal. The tramwaymen refused to join, and the mob attacked the cars. They were charged by the Republican Guards, and there were many arrests, including the Union leaders. Public sympathy is against the strikers. The newspapers did not appear in Lisbon on March 20th owing to a strike of compositors. Thirteen persons were arrested at Lamego on suspicion of inciting an Infantry Regiment against the Republic.

The small British community at Sandakan are laying themselves out to celebrate the Coronation in regal style.

June 10th, Monday.—Turf Club Calcutta sweepstakes 2 p.m.

June 20th, Tuesday.—Sandakan Turf Club Race Meeting. Ship companies entertained in Club 9 p.m.

June 21st, Wednesday.—Flower Show 7 a.m.; Picnic to Tugata 2 p.m.; Football Match.

June 22nd, Thursday.—CORONATION DAY Morning.—Coronation Service 7.30 a.m.; Ceremonial Parade 8 a.m.; Children's Parade (all nationalities); Chinese Parade.

Afternoon.—Children's Sports 4 p.m.; Evening.—Sandakan Club Dance; Fireworks.

June 23rd, Friday.—Water Sports; Football; Land Sports; Afternoon.

June 24th, Saturday.—Cricket Match; Bachelor's Dance at the Club.

HONGKONG LADIES' RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Annual Meeting.

The 1911 Meeting of the Hongkong Ladies' Rifle Association opened at the range on Wednesday and continues until to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon, when Mrs. Anderson, wife of Major General Anderson, will present the prizes. The attendance at the range so far has been most satisfactory, and the members of the fair sex have shown a surprising proficiency in handling the rifle. The secretarial duties are this year in the hands of Miss M. Lequeiro, who has the assistance of an enthusiastic committee. We hope to print to-morrow the results of the competitions.

THE HONGKONG BUTCHERY CASE.

Address by Counsel for the Defence.

Before the Chief Justice Sir Francis Pigott, at the Supreme Court this morning the case was continued in which John Tatam, runner of the King Edward Hotel, sued Frederick Howell, chief butler of the Supreme Court, for an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Hongkong Butchery and for such further and other relief as may be just.

Mr. W. W. Slade, K.C., was for plaintiff, instructed by Mr. J. H. Gardiner, and Mr. Eldon Potter defended, instructed by Mr. C. E. H. Beavis.

His Lordship said he did not think the Statute of Limitations applied to that case and the plaintiff was not stopped. The point was a somewhat complicated one and in the event of judgment going against defendant an appeal could be taken on that point.

Mr. Gutierrez was again recalled and a point rose in connection with the account for February, 1896.

Mr. Potter said that he could not let it rest that his client was guilty of fraud.

Mr. Slade—I suggest that the cross-examination of Mr. Gutierrez be postponed until after we have an opportunity of going into the accounts.

His Lordship (to Mr. Potter)—I must hold that the cross-examination is finished and I must ask you to open your case.

Mr. Potter—Very well, my lord, but I wish to recall Mr. Tatam.

Mr. Potter, in opening the case for the defence, said that it was significant that that case should have been brought after a lapse of fourteen years, or come into court, he should say, after fourteen years. A part altogether from the question of legal bar by reason of any statute the court was, as a rule, suspicious of a case of that kind which was brought after a long lapse of time and more especially was the court suspicious of such a case when that case, was, as he said, founded on serious allegations of fraud because, although they had been told by his learned friend, Mr. Slade, that case was not founded on fraud he did not think that position was maintainable when one read the plaintiff's pleadings. The case was "fraud from beginning to end and it was a case of fraud which he submitted had failed utterly. He submitted that not one jot of the charge of fraud proffered by plaintiff had been supported by cogent evidence. Even that morning it had been proved, he thought conclusively, that any representations made by Mr. Howell with regard to the "bad" position of the business, so far from being fraudulent and untrue, was, absolutely true. He did not think his Lordship could have any doubt at all now that at the end of the first four months trading of the Hongkong Butchery there was a heavy loss, and that without taking into account one cent of the money which had been advanced by Mr. Howell. That was proved by the books but if there were no books produced he thought the facts of the case were such as to show that the business could not have been successful at the end of January, 1896, because at that time they had the plaintiff admitting that he negotiated and arranged with Yuen Cheung to take the business over and negotiating and arranging what commission he was to get out of the business. It was absurd to suppose that plaintiff, if the business was really solvent, would have willingly handed it over to a competitor if he could have made infinitely more by keeping it himself. Plaintiff's case as presented was, he did not know whether it was still—that plaintiff had handed the takings to Mr. Howell, that he had entrusted Mr. Howell with the keeping of the accounts. He thought plaintiff's evidence was meant to induce the court to believe that plaintiff had nothing to do with the accounts, and that even if he had wished he could never have seen the accounts.

He did not know whether that was intended or not but that was the impression left on his mind. Now they had it clear that plaintiff did not mention one word with regard to the cash book, or the ledger or any other account books or even to the account book which he kept himself from this last February, 1896, and it was clear that the books were kept at the Hongkong Butchery and kept by an accountant paid by the Hongkong Butchery and immediately under the control of

plaintiff himself, and if he had wished he could have given them every moment of the day. It might be that he was such an ignorant man that he could not understand them, but he (Mr. Potter) must say plaintiff did not display such appalling ignorance when he was in the witness box. But even if that was so it did not justify him in assuming the position which, to say the least of it, was misleading; namely, that he was debarred from seeing the accounts and that he did not know how the business was going on and that he relied solely on Howell's word and that that word was untrue and fraudulent. It would have made the business pay considerably that he had to pay three per cent commission on the business what up to the time he took it over it had been running at a loss. Whether it was not paying him or whether for some other reasons it was now clear that Yuen gave the business up early in January 1897 and he thought it was proved beyond all possible doubt that the business was closed in January 1897, not because of the false and fraudulent representations made by Mr. Howell but because Yuen Cheung would not carry it on any longer. As a matter of fact it was admitted by plaintiff and he was forced to admit it. As he had submitted at the beginning of the case if the business was closed on January 4, as plaintiff said it was, and if plaintiff owed Mr. Howell the sum of \$14,000 odd or any sum, then it seemed to him absolutely irrelevant to that case whether Mr. Howell was interested in the Hongkong Butchery Co. He submitted that it was absolutely immaterial. Plaintiff's case on the pleadings was that his own business was never closed, that it was never sold, that there was not a real sale but that in some way or another it was carried on under the new name of the Hongkong Butchery Co. He submitted that that must fail now because of plaintiff's own admissions so that he failed to see what the Hongkong Butchery Co. had to do with that case and that on the closing of the Butchery Co. there was a debit balance against him. However he had chosen to say that Mr. Howell was the Hongkong Butchery Co., and if it was really plaintiff's own business he asks for an account. Plaintiff did not say whether it was the whole account or a portion of it he wanted; no, he said nothing, and if he recovered it must be on the case that it is his sole business and that he was entitled to the profits of the business up to that day. Plaintiff had told them with a serious face at any rate he did not know whether he was serious in his inmost conscience, that Messrs. Howell and Watkins was going to carry on the business for him and on his behalf. He expected that Mr. Howell would continue to finance the business and that he could travel to America or to any other part of the world and come back after any lapse of time and again walk into his own. He did not give any reason why he expected Mr. Howell or Mr. Watkins to do that but that was the position he adopted. It was not a reasonable position for a plaintiff to adopt. He would satisfy his Lordship that as a matter of fact Mr. Howell had nothing to do with the Hongkong Butchery Co., and never had a share in it and that it was untrue as was alleged that the sale of the business was a pretended one and that in fact defendant retained for himself the whole or a large share of the business. He did not wish to weary his Lordship but Mr. Howell was a government servant and it was a serious matter when a man came into court and alleged a gross case of fraud against him. His Lordship must have been struck with the light-hearted way in which the fraud was alleged. Plaintiff seemed to imagine that because he was prepared to say, "Oh, I think I have been defrauded," that it was proved. There was no proof before his Lordship not only of fraudulent act or of any act which was not transparently honest. Every allegation of fraud broke down utterly when plaintiff was submitted to cross-examination. He would call Mr. Howell and a number of other witnesses who would satisfy his Lordship that the claim was wholly unfounded and he submitted that his Lordship should be satisfied with defendant's story which entitled defendant to judgment. Defendant was then called and the case was adjourned.

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ANGLO-JAPANESE COMMERCIAL TREATY.

CONTENTS OF THE MEASURE.

(Independent News Agency's Service to the China Mail.)
Tokyo, April 7.

The text of the Anglo-Japanese commercial treaty was published yesterday. Among the articles provision is made for the following cases:—Cotton textiles (hannels and figured fabrics excluded), woollen cloths (mousseline velvet excluded), pig iron, tin, electro-plated ware, paints, etc. It is agreed in this treaty that England shall continue her existing free customs on habutai silk and nine other Japanese articles.

Both parties are free to notify their intentions to amend the treaty, if so desired, after it has been in operation for one year but not until after due notification has passed between them of the proposed amendment and if either party are unwilling to sign the notes they are free to abandon the treaty.

EFFECT OF REDUCED DUTIES.

Some Lines Wiped Out.

(Reuters' Service to the China Mail.)
London, April 7.

London exporters interviewed on the subject of the newly concluded Anglo-Japanese commercial treaty, while admitting that the reduced Japanese duties are much better than the general tariff provided, say that it will have no effect on the lower classes of cotton textiles and woollen goods, which will still be most seriously affected. In regard to some classes of these goods it is probable that not another piece will be shipped after the 17th of July. The thicker qualities of sheet iron are badly hit while the galvanized iron trade will very likely be killed.

THE TROUBLE IN ARABIA

RELIEF OF SANAA.

(Reuters' Service to the China Mail.)
London, April 7.

Reuters' correspondent at Constantinople telegraphs that the Turkish relief force has entered Sanaa, which has been closely besieged by the Bedouins since the 17th of January.

THE RECIPROCITY BILL.

PRESIDENT TAFT URGES EARLY ACTION.

(Reuters' Service to the China Mail.)
London, April 6.

President Taft in a Message to Congress urges early action in regard to the Reciprocity Bill.

The President states that while the subject was under discussion he became convinced that the people of the United States would welcome the measure, and the expectation has been fully confirmed.

CHILDREN LIKE IT

WHEN a medicine must be given to young children it should be pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is made from loaf sugar, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it pleasant to take. It has no superior for colds, croup and whooping cough. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

The Best and Most Palatable

GINS

ON THE MARKET.

Per Doz. \$14.

SOLE AGENTS—

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12, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

Telephone No. 163.

COMPANY MEETING.

Torangio Rubber Co., Ltd.

Sir Horatio Moly presented at the annual meeting of shareholders of the above company yesterday afternoon. Those present were—Messrs. A. Denison and H. Pinckney (directors), Mr. M. Reader Harris (secretary), Commander C. W. Beckwith, Dr. C. Forsyth, Messrs. H. Pery Smith, P. Lumsden, M. W. Shado, A. L. Stein, S. G. Newall, A. B. House and A. S. Howell.

The notice convening the meeting having been read by the Secretary.

The Chairman moved the adoption of the directors' report and the accounts. He said the balance sheet was dated the 31st of February, and the report was drawn up on advice received from Sumatra to that date. On the 1st March a call of 5/- was made and the shares are now 12/6 paid up. Referring to the advances to Chinese and Indians and brokers' commission he said the advances to Chinese were advances to Chinese contractors and builders as well as to coolies. The advances to Indians were to Javanese and Klings. The brokers' commission was paid to the brokers for procuring contract labour, chiefly Javanese. As they all knew, the cost of securing indentured labour was heavy, and the commission paid in Sumatra for Javanese coolies was 75 to 100 guineas per cooler. The contracts are for three years and the

man and 104 guineas for the women per month. This was cheap compared to the wages paid on many rubber estates elsewhere. The commission would be written off year by year to the various crops on which the coolies were employed. The programme for 1911 was decided upon after consultation with their Sumatra friends, but it might be that some shareholders present consider they were taking an excessive risk in planting up 200 fields of rubber. By the end of June they would know what sort of a crop they had on the 100 fields now planted, and they could then decide whether to plant next year 100, 150 or up to 200 fields. The latest news from the estate was that rubber had been planted through 100 acres of tobacco land. At the end of February there were 553 coolies on the estate, of which 434 were Javanese under three years' contract. They had 8,048 acres of good land in a central district for which they paid about £1 an acre, 10/- in cash and 10/- in shares. The area of land suitable for rubber was larger than they anticipated and more than they could make use of with the capital at their disposal. He was very pleased to tell them that they had just received by the German Mail that day the following advice, dated Sumatra, 27th March: "Planting operations for the tobacco for crop 1911 are finished. At present everything points to a good crop; the rains have come just at the right time. Plucking of the leaves just commenced."

Mr. Shado, in seconding, said of their 8,000 odd acres; practically all was, in the opinion of their local advisers, well suited to rubber, and about 500 appear suitable for tobacco. He believed that there was no unoccupied, unprepared agricultural land in the world which in its wild state commanded a higher price than Sumatra tobacco land when—and this was the important point—it had been proved by actual cultivation of portions and by sale of the produce to be capable of bearing high-class tobacco. If at the Amsterdam sales next spring, Torangio tobacco fetched prices anywhere near those obtained by their neighbours this year, the value of the Torangio estate was no longer based merely on the estimates of experts, but as to their tobacco, and would have been proved by the touchstone of the market. The speaker held a substantial number of shares and had far more money at stake in the company than he cared to see impelled, and he heard the opinion freely expressed that tobacco planting was a most risky operation he sought for accurate information. He had satisfied himself that their lands were not being risked in a hasty, hazardous speculation. It cost all told not more than 1 guinea a lb. to put tobacco on the market. A field equalled 1.4 acres, that was, 100 fields equalled 140 acres. An average crop from a field was about 10 piculs, say, 1,300 lbs. Therefore 140 fields would produce 130,000 lbs. It would cost to put this amount on the market at the outside £130,000—£10,830. Say they sold for an average price of £1.40, their clear profit would be £22,000—about £4,330, and there were possibilities, judging from the prices paid for tobacco from the neighbouring estates, of larger returns than this. It was unlikely that the price of Sumatra tobacco would materially fall, because the area under tobacco had been decreased by the planting of rubber on tobacco lands and the area suitable for tobacco was strictly limited. Their total working capital with all calls paid was about £49,000. This amount was obviously insufficient to fully develop the whole of their estate. They therefore wanted more money to put into their property. This could be obtained in two ways or by a combination of the two. 1. By issuing more shares. 2. By applying to the bank for a loan. They were essentially a rubber company, and he hoped the majority of them were willing to wait for a return on their investments until their rubber began to pay. If their tobacco paid, the original shareholders would be in a doubly strong position. Their estate would have been improved beyond the amount they had put into it, and they

would be in a position to raise further capital, if they decided to do so, on very favourable terms. Then even if the price of rubber fell below the generally-accepted minimum of 1/6 a lb., they would still confidently expect very substantial dividends.

No questions were asked, and the report and accounts were adopted.

On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. House, Mr. A. Denison was re-elected to the Directorate.

The only other business was a proposal from the chair that a member of the staff of the Company's bankers, to be nominated by the manager, be and is hereby appointed Auditor for the ensuing year and remuneration of 200 guineas. This was seconded by Mr. Pery Smith and agreed to.

A FURNITURE DISPUTE.

In the case of Mrs. G. Monti against Cheong Lee and Co., for \$988 90, which came before Mr. Justice Hazeland at the Supreme Court this morning, Mr. E. Hind asked for particulars.

Mr. Otto Kong Sing, for plaintiff, said that the writ set out all the particulars they could give.

Mr. Hind—My clients say those goods were hired, or if not hired they were to be paid for on the instalment plan. There is a lot of money owing and plaintiff said she would take these goods back and settle the account.

Mr. Otto Kong Sing—That is the question your Lordship has to try.

His Lordship—It will only take a few minutes.

Mr. Otto Kong Sing—It will take more than 10 minutes.

The case was fixed for the 18th.

A QUESTION OF COSTS.

Mr. M. J. D. Stephens appeared for the Robinson Piano Co., at the Supreme Court this morning, before Mr. Justice Hazeland, in the case in which they sued J. C. Logan for \$184.85.

Mr. Stephens asked that the case be adjourned but that he be awarded costs for his attendance that day. He did not know that a receiving order had been made against defendant.

Mr. D'Almeida—My friend can have liberty to apply.

His Lordship—What about Mr. Stephens' costs?

Mr. Stephens—Perhaps I could get them without the order?

Mr. D'Almeida—There is a defence to the action on certain points.

His Lordship—I shall adjourn it *sine die*.

Mr. Stephens—I think I should not have been brought here today.

His Lordship—The idea is that defendant has no money.

Mr. Stephens—I understand the debts will be paid in full.

Mr. D'Almeida—What the Official Receiver told the court yesterday was that in all probability they would be paid in full. There are a lot of debts amongst the shipping and if they are not paid up the debts will not be paid in full.

His Lordship—What about Mr. Stephens' costs?

Mr. Stephens—Then I will ask for judgment.

His Lordship—I think the bankruptcy practice that the proceedings are stayed.

Mr. D'Almeida—How can my friend get costs unless he has obtained judgment?

His Lordship—I will find out about that.

Mr. D'Almeida—Your Lordship will notice that my friend has not got judgment and until he gets judgment he cannot get costs.

His Lordship—Oh, yes.

The case was adjourned *sine die*.

A LONG CAUSE CASE.

The case in which Yeung Hui Shui sued Xueg Sui Chi to recover \$800.00, was mentioned at the Supreme Court this morning, before Mr. Justice Hazeland.

Mr. P. B. L. Bowley appeared for plaintiff and Mr. D. V. Stevenson for defendant.

Mr. Bowley—I don't think there is any defence to this action.

Mr. Stevenson—There is a very good defence.

Mr. Bowley—Defendant admits owing the money.

His Lordship—It will go in the remainder list.

Mr. Bowley—I think the case should come on for trial.

His Lordship—The practice is that when a solicitor said a case should go on the remainder list he put it on.

Mr. Bowley—Not if only one solicitor does it.

His Lordship—That is the practice instituted by Mr. Justice Gompertz and I am not disposed to alter it.

Mr. Hind—If this case is going to occupy a whole day I think those already on the remainder list should have preference.

Mr. Gompertz—Certainly, my lord, I support that.

Mr. Bowley—I submit this is a short case.

His Lordship—If Mr. Stevenson will admit it is a short case.

Mr. Stevenson—I can't admit that.

The case was put on the remainder list.

DANGER AVOIDED.

There is little danger of a cold epidemic being followed by pneumonia, and this never happens when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used. This remedy has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its reliable cures of colds and coughs, and its safety and purity.

SPORTING.

Cricket.

The following will play for Hongkong "A" against the "Craigongower C. C." to-morrow afternoon on the former's ground, commencing at 2.00 p.m.: Mr. T. E. Pearce, Mr. H. Hancock, Mr. R. Hancock, Mr. G. Hastings, Mr. A. R. Lowe, Mr. S. W. Payne, Mr. A. P. Dashiwood, Mr. Dr. J. M. Atkinson, Mr. H. R. Makin, Mr. A. C. Loth and Mr. A. Mackenzie.

The following will represent the C.C.C. Messrs. L. E. Lammert, H. H. Taylor, W. H. Vives, L. A. Rose, J. V. Bragg, E. L. Bragg, R. A. Carvalho, J. D. Norris, P. Currie, R. Peterson, and E. Bass.

LEAGUE TABLE.

The following is the League table up to date:—

Club	Played	Wons	Draws	Losses	Points
H.K. & D.	16	15	0	1	30
Hongkong "A"	15	14	0	1	28
Craigongower	15	13	0	2	26
R.G.A.	15	12	0	3	24
Kowloon	15	11	0	4	22
Yorks	15	10	0	5	20
Civil Service	15	9	0	6	18
Rennants	15	8	0	7	16
Police	15	7	0	8	14

Football.

ENGLISH LEAGUE MATCHES.

London, March 20.

In the Second Division of the League, Charlton Orient beat Wolverhampton Wanderers 2 goals to 1.

At home to Bolton by 3 goals to 1. Chelsea defeated Huddersfield, Chelsea by 2 goals to nil.

Lawn Tennis.

HONGKONG C.C. TOURNAMENT.

Further results in the above tournament are given below:—

CHAMPIONSHIP SINGLES.

First Round—R. F. C. Hodgland beat E. A. S. Fowler 6/1, 6/4, 6/1.

"A" CLASS SINGLES.

Second Round—R. J. Saunders (owns 30) beat W. G. Worcester (owns 3/6) 8/6, 6/1.

"B" CLASS SINGLES.

Third Round—A. P. H. Roquette and G. A. Cooke, R.N. (owns 15) beat Lieut. Bagnall and Lieut. Thompson (owns 30) 6/1, 6/1.

MONDAY'S TENNIS.

The ground being engaged for cricket there will be no matches played on Saturday, but the following are down for decision on Monday:—L. E. Breton and C. C. Hickling v. G. A. Hastings and Lieut. Day ("A" Class Doubles, second round); S. E. Green v. E. A. S. Fowler ("A" Class Singles, second round); A. P. H. Roquette v. W. H. Vives ("B" Class Singles, third round).

The annual Lawn Tennis Tournament in connection with the C.C.C. commences next week for which entries close on Saturday the 8th April.

Yachting.

C.Y.C. CRUISE.

The closing cruise in connection with the Corinthian Yacht Club takes place on Sunday next, the first race commencing at 10 a.m. The programme is as follows:—

1.—BELTUS C.R.—Open to Heyward. Hays design boats only.

2.—WARREN MEMORIAL C.R.—Open to Gail Class only.

3.—CAN C.R.—Winner of above 2 Races on Handicap times wins this Cup.

4.—MOTOR BOAT RACE.—Open to Visitors or Non-boat owning Members only.

5.—LADIES HANDBICAP CLASS RACE.

6.—LADIES HEYWARD-HAYS RACE.

7.—LADIES GAIL CLASS RACE.

8.—LADIES MOTOR BOAT RACE.

9.—HANDICAP HEYWARD-HAYS, GAIL CLASS.—Visitors or non-boat owning members only. 1st boat of each Class wins a prize.

10.—LADIES MOTOR BOAT RACE.

Mrs. Francis Clark has kindly consented to present the prizes at the close of the Meeting.

The cup winners for the season, 1910-11, are:—

Four Ton Class Championship—1st "Mist" (Jas. H. Taggart); 2nd, "Edin" (Capt. Pennefather). The "Mist" wins the "Marzetti" Championship Cup.

Absentee Prize—"Edin" (Capt. Pennefather).

Five Cup—"Evdine" (G. G. Wood).

Brynhild Cup—"Evdine" (G. G. Wood).

Avery Cup—"Mist" (Jas. H. Taggart).

Fry Cup—"Mist" (Jas. H. Taggart).

Handicap Class Championship—1st "Corrinco" (H. Combs, J. Mackay).

Heyward Hays Championship—1st "Liza" (D. Neilson); 2nd, "Sirius" (A. A. H. Milroy); 3rd, "White Swan" (D. Gwyn).

Gail Class Championship—1st, "Doctory" (J. Forbes); 2nd, "Thecla" (J. Glyn, J. McCubbin); 3rd, "Ashore" (A. Rodgers).

Vico-Commodore's Cup—"Thecla" (J. Glyn, J. McCubbin).

Morgan Prize—"Corrinco" (H. Combs, J. Mackay).

Kling Cup—"Thecla" (J. Glyn, J. McCubbin).

Lina Crawford's Prize—"Sirius" (A. A. H. Milroy).

Coulters Championship—1st, "Mist" (Jas. H. Taggart); 2nd, "La Cligale" (A. Bunch).

Motor Boats Championship—1st, "Sanya" (2nd, "Hermes").

Sonyu Cup—"Britannia".

INTERPORT POLO.

Manila's Brilliant Victory.

The return match in the interport polo tournament between Hongkong and Manila was contested on Thursday evening at Causeway Bay and as on the former occasion there was a large attendance including Her Excellency Lady Lugard, Captain Sison, Private Secretary, and party.

Manila again proved themselves capable exponents of the art of polo and completely defeated Hongkong by seven goals to three. From the first it was seen that neither side was taking any chances and the game started off at a rattling pace. The Manila men, although at times were riding equally as fast as the home team, rode more carefully while Hongkong seemed to display a recklessness which by no means assisted them in hitting the ball. The number of misses was remarkable and had Hongkong ridden a little more carefully their defeat would undoubtedly not have been so complete. At it was the Americans were able to pull up quicker and were smarter at turning. Johnstone, for Hongkong, went back consequently very little of the brilliant polo exhibited by him on Tuesday was witnessed. Briefly, while having a little trouble with his pony was unable to get in much effective work and on the whole game—Hongkong were completely outclassed.

The teams were:—

Hongkong—Captain Lamb, Captain Hughes, Captain Driver and Captain Macdonell.

Manila—Captain Mitchell, Lieut. Margot, Mr. E. Bowditch, and Mr. P. Macdonell.

Captain Agg acted as umpire, Lieut. Sullivan and Bradley as goal judges, and Mr. Aston as timekeeper.

Manila adopted the aggressive attitude at the commencement of the first chukka and early placed the home team in an ominous position as regards their goal but Johnstone effectively stopped the onrush.

A foul was given against Hongkong and another try was attempted by the visitors but they made no headway, Hongkong having got possession of the ball. The first chukka ended without any score being registered.

In the subsequent encounter the Americans again led their opponents at a fast rate and for the greater part of the chukka Hongkong did not cross the half-way line out of their own territory. Brierley had some trouble with his stand which necessitated his obtaining another one. Hongkong barely endeavored to prevent Manila penetrating their defence but the pressure was too great and Macdonell secured the first point of the game for the Americans. Once again the visitors bore down on the home team and a fine shot was missed by no less than three Hongkong men. No alteration of the score had taken place at the conclusion of the chukka.

With fresh ponies the third chukka was also as fast as ever and although it looked as if Hongkong would equalize matters they were unable to do so and very soon afterwards Mitchell got in a good shot and gave Manila the advantage of another goal.

Mitchell was prominent again in the following encounter but his efforts were frustrated by Johnstone but Manila was not to be outdone and Bowditch increased the margin for the visitors. As two further goals were added by Margot, Hongkong's chance looked hopeless, the latter, up to that time, not having registered a single point.

Riding hard Brierley put through the home team's first goal in the next chukka and a little later Margot again scored for Manila which made a total of seven points for Manila against one for Hongkong.

In the last chukka Hughes put through two goals for Hongkong and at the conclusion of hostilities Manila were leading by seven goals to three.

The ground was in excellent condition while the weather was all that could be desired. The band of the K.O.Y.L. were in attendance during the evening and gave a number of selections.

Polo in America.

THE AMERICA CUP.

COMPOSITION OF THE BRITISH TEAM.

London, March 19.

The arrangements with regard to the British polo team which is to contest the America Cup are now finally settled. Captain Hardress Lloyd and H. Wilson will sail on the 4th April and Captains Barrett and Cheape and Lieutenants N. Edwards and Palmer on the 15th April. The team thus secures five weeks' practice before the first Test Match takes place. The members of the team are taking thirty-five ponies. The ponies sail on the 23rd instant.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

The half-yearly report of the above Bank for the period ended 31st December, 1910, states that the gross profits of the bank for the half-year, including Yen 1,173,177.22 brought forward from last account, amount to Yen 1,051,932.34, of which Yen 7,814,122.42 have been deducted for interest, taxes, current expenses, reserve on bills current, and doubtful debts, bonus for officers and clerks, &c. leaving a balance of Yen 2,877,789.92 for appropriation.

The Directors propose that Yen 200,000.00 be added to the Reserve Fund, and recommended a dividend at the rate of twelve per cent., per annum, which will amount to Yen 1,440,000.00. The balance Yen 1,877,789.92 will be carried forward to the credit of next account.

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PRICES MODERATE.

62a, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, February 9, 1911. 124

ITEMS AT THE COURTS.

A hunch master was fined \$10 at the

Magistrate for dumping rubbish into the

harbour.

Dr. Gilson, veterinary surgeon, pro-

secuted a sickish cow for refusing him

the defendant was discharged with a

caution.

A fireman from the s.s. Prinz Ludwig

was

Shipping.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY.HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1911.
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Steamers to Colombo	Leave Hongkong	Connection Steamers from Colombo to	Due at	Due at
		Marseilles and London	Marseilles (2 days earlier)	London (1 day later)
Steamer	Tons	1 p.m. Sat/day	Tons	Saturday, Friday,
DELHI.....8000	Apr. 15	Mongolia.....10000	May 13	May 10
ASSAYE.....7500	Apr. 29	Morea.....11000	May 27	June 3
DELTA.....8800	May 13	Moeltan.....10000	June 10	June 16

Passengers change steamers at Colombo and those for BRINDISI transfer also to the
Express Mail Steamer at Port Said.
Accommodation in the connecting steamer from Colombo is definitely reserved in
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2nd.....£48.8.....£72.12

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* PALAWAN.....4700	April 10	May 25
* BORNEO.....4000	April 19	June 3
* SICILIA.....4700	May 17	July 3
* SUMATRA.....4600	May 31	July 17
* NILE.....6700	June 14	July 31

These Steamers call also at Singapore, Penang, Colombo, and Marseilles.

FARES TO LONDON (including Surtax).

1st Saloon.....	£55.00	Single.	£82.10	Return.
2nd.....	£38.10	Single.	£57.4	Return.

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For	STEAMERS	CAPTAIN	To SAIL
SHANGHAI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.....	TOURANE,	LASCHIN.	April 10, p.m.
MARSEILLES, Via Port.....	POLYNESIEN,	Bruno.	April 11, at 1 p.m.

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CALCUTTA, BOMBAY and ADELPHI, at PORT SAID for the LEVANT, CONSTANTINOPLE and BLACK SEA.Through Tickets to London, via Paris, from £27.10 up to £71.10. 20 hours
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Levantine, Black Sea and Baltic Ports, and North and South American Ports.

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Outward.

For Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	For Marseilles, Rotterdam & Hamburg
S.S. SUEVIA.....7th April.	S.S. ALESIA.....14th April.
S.S. BAYERN.....29th April.	For Havre, Rotterdam & Hamburg
S.S. FREIENFELS.....6th May.	S.S. RHEINFELS.....20th April.
S.S. SCANDIA.....18th May.	For Marseilles, Havre & Hamburg
S.S. SLAVONIA.....4th June.	S.S. SENEGAMBIA.....23rd April.
S.S. SAXONIA.....15th June.	For Rotterdam, Hamburg & Liverpool
	S.S. BELORAVIA.....10th May.
	For Havre, Bremen & Hamburg
	S.S. SUEVIA.....10th May.

For further Particulars apply to

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PHILIPPINES STEAM-
SHIP Co.

Steamship	Tons	Captain	For	Days to
ZAFIRO.....4000	M. O. Smith	Manila	Cebu & Iloilo	April 10, at 4 p.m.
RUBL.....4000	S. Crosby	Manila	Cebu & Iloilo	April 20, at 4 p.m.

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STRATHDIE (Chartered)	4380	LAMONT	10th April.
SUVERIC	2292	F. S. COWLEY	4th May.

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The Steamers of the BANK LINE, LTD., carry cargo on through Bills of
Lading to all Overland Common Points in the United States of America and
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PROPOSED SAILINGS.

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(sailed) s.s. DUNERIG.....14th April.
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THE BANK LINE, LIMITED,
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PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (Subject to Alteration).

Steamer	Tons	Captain	Date of Sailing
* CHIYO MARU.....21,000	W. W. GREENE	Friday, April 14, 1 p.m.	
* AMERICA MARU.....11,000	A. G. STEVENS	Friday, May 5, 1 p.m.	
* TENYO MARU.....21,000	E. BEST	Friday, May 12, 1 p.m.	
* NIPPON MARU.....11,000	H. S. SMITH	Friday, June 2, 1 p.m.	

* Triple Screw, turbine engines.

All steamers are equipped with the Japanese Government Wireless Telegraph and
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KIYO MARU.....	17,200	H. NISHI.....	Tuesday, Aug. 15, 1 p.m.

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Hongkong, January 27, 1911.

A HISTORY OF UNION
CHURCHBy the Rev. G. H. BONDFIELD and
BYER BAILLIE, M.A.

Edited by Rev. G. H. HICKLING.

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STEAMERS	ARRIVE HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA	LEAVE HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA
EMPIRE.....	April 7	April 29th, at Noon.
ST. ALBANS.....	May 3	May 27th, at Noon.
EASTERN.....	June 2	June 24th, at Noon.

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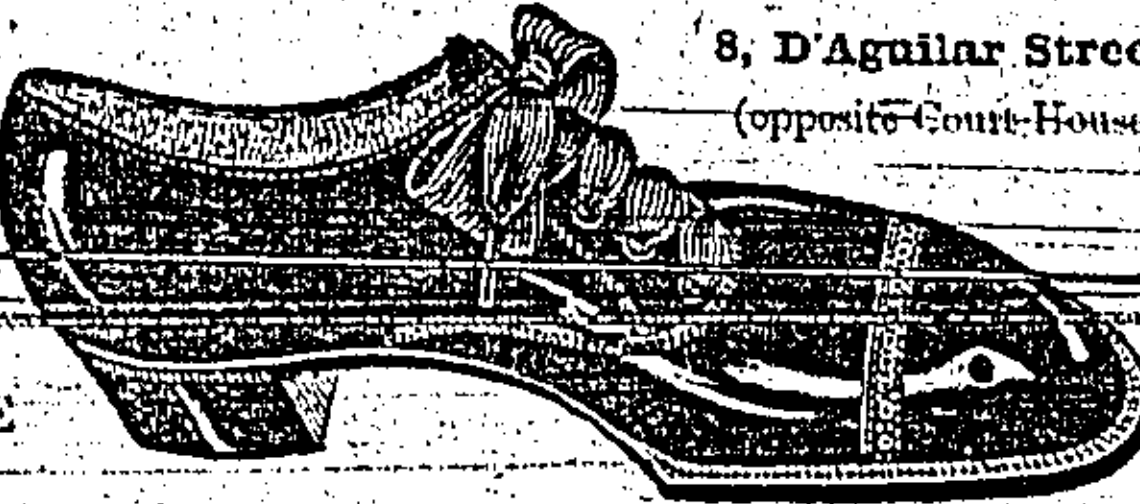
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DR. FAITH LEONG,

Graduate of the College of Physicians

Surgeons, Oakland, Cal.

Hongkong, August 13, 1909.

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TIME TABLE

WEEK DAYS

7.00 a.m. to 7.30 a.m. Every 20 minutes.

7.30 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.

10.30 a.m. to 11.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.

11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.

12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.

3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.

6.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

8.40 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.45 p.m. to 11.15

p.m. every half hour.

SUNDAYS

8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.

9.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. Every 30 minutes.

9.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.

10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.

11.00 a.m. to 12 Noon. Every 10 minutes.

12 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.

5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.

7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS run on Week Days.

SUNDAYS

Extra Cars at 3.15, 11.30 and 11.45 p.m.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the

Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BARRACKS,

Des Vaux Road Central.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,

General Managers.

Notices to Consignees.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NORDEUTSCHER LOYD.

BREMEN.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

PRINZ WALDEMAR,

having arrived, Consignees of cargo are

hereby informed that their Goods, with the

exception of Opium, Treasure and Valu-

ables, are being landed and stored at their

risk into the Godowns, and all goods

remaining undelivered after the 13th of

April will be subject to rent.

All Broken, Chafed, and Damaged Goods

are to be left in the Godowns, where they

will be examined on the 11th of April, at

9.30 a.m.

All claims must reach us before the 15th

of April, 1911, or they will not be

recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be counterbalanced by

the Underwriters.

NORDEUTSCHER LOYD,

MELOCHERS & CO.,

General Agents.

Hongkong, April 5, 1911.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE.

THE Steamship

HAWAII MARU,

Captain RASCH, having arrived, Con-

signees of Cargo are hereby informed that

their goods are being landed and placed at

their risk into the Godowns, and all goods

remaining undelivered after the 10th inst.

will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods

are to be left in the Godowns, where they

will be examined on the 10th inst., at

9 a.m.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us

in any case whatever.

